

Sunfish: Enabling Predictive Analytics for Datacenters Through Digital Twinning

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June 17, 2026

Online slides: <https://www.overleaf.com/read/tknhxmqlfgtdy#87413e>

Context

21st century datacenters are primarily heterogeneous [8] and modern computational needs of AI drive managers to diversify datacenters even more [1]. In result datacenters become extremely complex and hard to operate with millions of CPU's, GPU's etc.



Figure 1.1: Society depends on datacenters to keep running, and therefore we cannot afford to let these systems break down or experience significant performance-related issues. With millions of servers in the largest datacenters, real-time management becomes very difficult. Left to right: a Google datacenter, server racks, Ada Lovelace AD102 GPU architecture.

DCDT's lack predictive analytics

We need Datacenter Digital Twins (DCDT) to be better able to detect and solve issues in critical ICT infrastructure [1]. However, DCDT's are still actively developed and lack crucial features such as predictive analytics [9] to *e.g.*, prevent unexpected failures. With predictive analysis (*e.g.*, regression) DCDT's could save millions of lost \$USD [11].

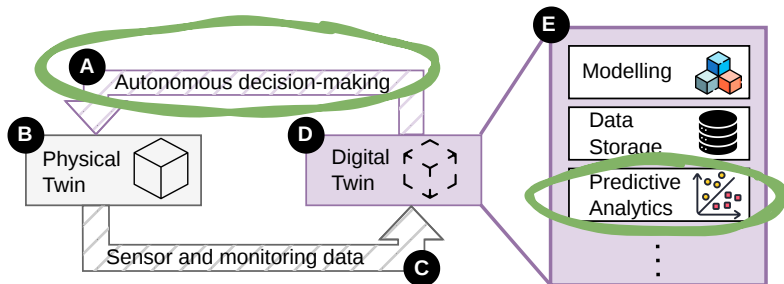


Figure 1.2: Where does our work fit within the field of datacenter digital twinning? There are 5 core elements to any Digital Twin: **A** The Digital → Physical Twin link, **B** the Physical Twin (*e.g.*, the datacenter), **C** the Physical → Digital Twin link, **D** the Digital Twin, **E** the features necessary to any Digital Twin. **Highlighted areas are the contributions from this thesis, which include the autonomous actions resulting from predictive insights **A** and the predictive analysis itself within **E**.**

Main Research Question

How to enable predictive analytics for datacenters through digital twinning?

Research Question 1

How to assess the current state-of-the-art of digital twinning for datacenters?

Research Question 2

How to design a datacenter digital twin reference architecture using discrete-event simulation and predictive data analytics?

Research Question 3

How to evaluate and validate a datacenter digital twin architecture in relation to system requirements?

Results

This is a dummy sentence meant to make the tcolorbox have more than 2 lines of text width so that I am able to show the text and the table spacing better. I hope it fits its purpose well.

Project	Simulation Technique	Focus	Stakeholders	Highlighted Features
ExaDigiT [2]	CFD/HT	Energy Loss Prediction		
SmartDC [14]	CFD/HT, BIM, AI	Heat Modelling		
DyTwin [10]	Gaussian Process Regression, ML	Anomaly Detection		
ChatTwin [7]	?	Configuration Automation		
Reducio [3]	POD	Heat and Airflow Prediction		
NetGraph [5]	Graphs	Network Management		
Kalibre [13]	ML, CFD	Heat Modelling		

Table 1.1: Comparison of selected datacenter digital twins. **Features:** 3D = 3D Visualizations; CH = Cooling/Heat, PE = Power/Energy Consumption, F = Failures, N = Network, FS = FaaS, SE = Scenario Exploration, VP = Virtual Prototyping, FD = Federation; **Tools:** AI = Artificial Intelligence, ML = Machine Learning, ODA = Operational Data Analysis; * = Predictive Analysis; ★ = Descriptive Analysis, ◆ = Prescriptive Analysis.

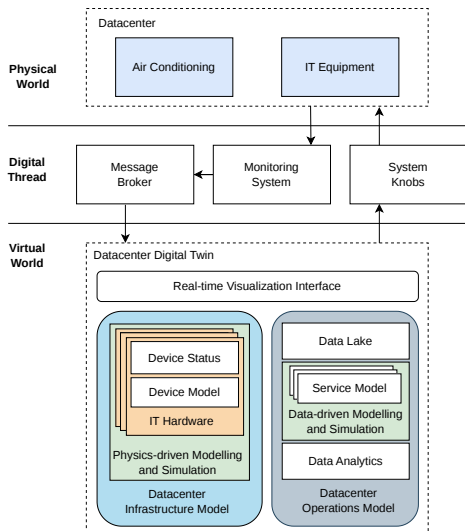


Figure 1.3: To answer **RQ1** we designed a generic datacenter digital twin system model based on a comprehensive literature review and findings from **Table 1.1**.

Main Finding I

Here explain what did you find.

Here goes the figure that backs up claim in Main Finding I.
Evidence for Main Finding I.

Main Finding II

Here explain what did you find.

Here goes the figure that backs up claim in Main Finding II.

What is the societal context?

What problem did we solve?

How did we solve this problem?

What did we find?

What do we see in future work?

Extra Slides: References I



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Extra Slides: Societal Impact

Why is this research important today?

Over 3 million jobs in the Netherlands directly depend on cloud services, which are hosted in datacenters [6]. Already the rapid expansion of datacenters has increased the presence of service failures across all cloud services [11]. We need to act now.

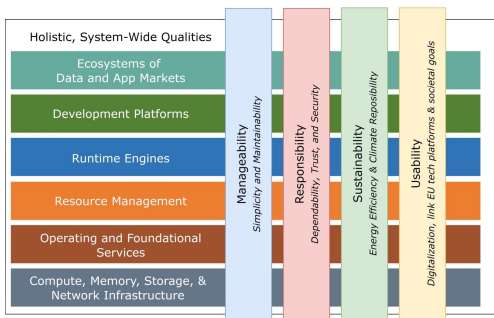


Figure E.1: Horizontally: the most important research areas in computer science in Netherlands. Vertically: qualities we should ensure across all research areas with the most outstanding impact on society. Datacenter manageability is a top-priority [6].

Extra Slides: Why Digital Twinning?

Definition

A DCDT mirrors the structure, context and behaviour of a datacenter [1]. The prerequisite to any digital twin is good monitoring and sensing capabilities in the physical entity. Datacenters meet this requirement easily because they already connect hundreds of monitoring sensors.



Figure E.2: Due to insufficient technological foundations, little work is available on DTs between 2003 and 2018, and it is only with the rapid growth of cloud computing, Internet-of-Things and Big Data analytics that DTs have reemerged [12]. That is why nobody used digital twins to mirror datacenters earlier.

Extra Slides: Why not pure simulation?

Predicting job failures

Preventing failure-caused outages in advance can reduce huge operational costs, as over 20% of all reported outages amount to more than 1 million US\$ [4]. Only a constant bi-directional interaction (digital twin \leftrightarrow physical entity) can achieve this.

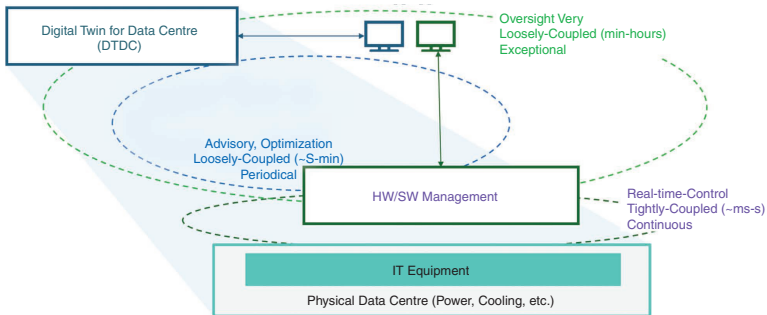


Figure E.3: Real-time control that is tightly-coupled with the IT equipment is a prerequisite for timely predictions within seconds/minutes [1].